(ase 1:20-cv-00323-LHR-BAM D	ocument 20	00 Filed 07/31/25	Page 1 of 4		
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10	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
11	FRESNO DIVISION					
12						
13	DORA SOLARES,		1:20-CV-00323-LHR	٤		
141516	v.	Plaintiff,		UNA'S MOTION FOR DER AND TO QUASH		
	RALPH DIAZ, et al.,		Action Filed: March	1 2, 2020		
17 18	I	Defendants.				
19						
20	Third party Osuna moves for a	protective o	rder and to quash any	deposition subpoena		
21	directed to him. (Osuna's Mot., ECF No. 198.) However, the Court's order permitting the parties					
22	to take Osuna's deposition (ECF No. 170) is proper, and quashing the subpoena would prejudice					
23	the parties because they would be unable to obtain Osuna's crucial testimony. Osuna asserts his					
24	Fifth Amendment right against self-incrimination. But that privilege cannot be asserted on a					
25	blanket basis to prevent a deposition. Rather Osuna must raise his objections at the deposition on					
26	a question-by-question basis and answer any questions that are not legally objectionable. Osuna's					
27	motion should be denied.					
28						

I. OSUNA'S TESTIMONY IS CRUCIAL IN THIS MATTER.

In this matter, Plaintiff Solares sues current and former Californian Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation employees, over the death of Luis Romero at the hands of Mr. Osuna in their cell at California State Prison, Corcoran, on the night of March 8-9, 2019. (Fifth Am. Compl. at 1-2, ECF No. 134.) Mr. Osuna is currently being prosecuted for Mr. Romero's murder. (Kings County Super. Ct. Docket for *People v. Jaime Osuna*, No. 19CM-1882, *available at portal.kings.courts.ca.gov/public-portal/*.) Mr. Osuna's testimony as to what happened in that cell, and in the days beforehand, is therefore crucial in this case, and the deposition subpoena is proper.

II. OSUNA SHOULD ASSERT HIS OBJECTIONS ON A QUESTION-BY-QUESTION BASIS.

Osuna raises his Fifth Amendment rights as a reason to quash the deposition subpoena. (Osuna's Mot. at 10, ECF No. 198.) "[I]n a civil case, the Fifth Amendment's protections against self-incrimination are invoked on a question-by-question basis, and therefore the assertion of the privilege necessarily attaches only to the question being asked and the information sought by that particular question." *Doe v. Glanzer*, 232 F.3d 1258, 1265 (9th Cir. 2000). A non-party witness "cannot make a blanket invocation of the Fifth Amendment privilege." *Moore v. Gilead Scis., Inc.*, 2011 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 132408, *17-18 (N.D. Cal. Nov. 16, 2011). The proper procedure requires the party seeking the protection of the Fifth Amendment to raise the privilege with respect to specific questions. *Id.* (citing *United States v. Drollinger*, 80 F.3d 389, 392 (9th Cir. 1996); *United States v. Bodwell*, 66 F.3d 1000, 1001 (9th Cir. 1995). "[T]he mere possibility that [a witness] may invoke his Fifth Amendment privilege during a deposition is not enough to justify quashing" the subpoena. *Ritchie v. Sempra Energy*, 2015 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 186606, *22 (S.D. Cal. Apr. 6, 2015).

Osuna's assertion of Fifth Amendment privilege does not justify quashing the subpoena.

Osuna must attend his deposition and raise any Fifth Amendment objections on a question-by-

(ase 1:20-cv-00323-LHR-BAM	Document 200	Filed 07/31/25	Page 3 of 4			
1	question basis and answer any questions that are not legally objectionable. Osuna's motion						
2	should be denied.						
3	Dated: July 31, 2025		Respectfully submit	ted,			
4			ROB BONTA	2 ~ 40			
5			Attorney General of Jon S. ALLIN				
6			Supervising Deputy	Attorney General			
7			/c/ Jeneral Ducc o	,			
8			/s/ JEREMY DUGGAN JEREMY DUGGAN Deputy Attorney Ge	_			
9			Attorneys for Defend Burnes, Maytubby, (dants			
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26	If, at the deposition Osu	ına invokes his Fift	h Amendment rights	such that the narties'			
27	¹ If, at the deposition, Osuna invokes his Fifth Amendment rights such that the parties' ability to present their cases are unduly prejudiced, the Court may stay this matter until Osuna's criminal case is resolved and the Fifth Amendment is no longer an issue. See Keating v. Office of						
28	<i>Thrift</i> Supervision, 45 F.3d 322, 324-25 (9th Cir. 1995) (identifying the factors to be considered for a discretionary stay).						

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Case Name:	Dora Solares v. Ralph Diaz, et al.	No.	1:20-CV-00323-LHR
•	fy that on <u>July 31, 2025</u> , I electronical Court by using the CM/ECF system:	ly filed the	e following documents with the
	TS' OPPOSITION TO THIRD PAI VE ORDER AND TO QUASH DEP		
•	all participants in the case are registered by the CM/ECF system.	ed CM/EC	F users and that service will be
of America th	er penalty of perjury under the laws of the foregoing is true and correct and that Francisco, California.		
	G. Guardado		/s/ G. Guardado

Signature

SA2019101902 44738492.docx Declarant